



STORMWATER DETENTION FEASIBILITY STUDY

SITE 1 – ALPHA RD

CITY OF FARMERS BRANCH | December 10, 2019



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FREESE
AND
NICHOLS

FEASIBILITY STUDY OBJECTIVES

- 1 Identify potential stormwater detention sites
- 2 Reduce runoff volume and peak flows
- 3 Delay runoff releases to reduce peaks downstream
- 4 Evaluate effectiveness of combined detention
- 5 Develop rough order of magnitude costs



Arlington Heights – Western Avenue Detention Pond

SITE 1 – ALPHA RD



SITE 1 – ALPHA RD

AVAILABLE AREA FOR DETENTION

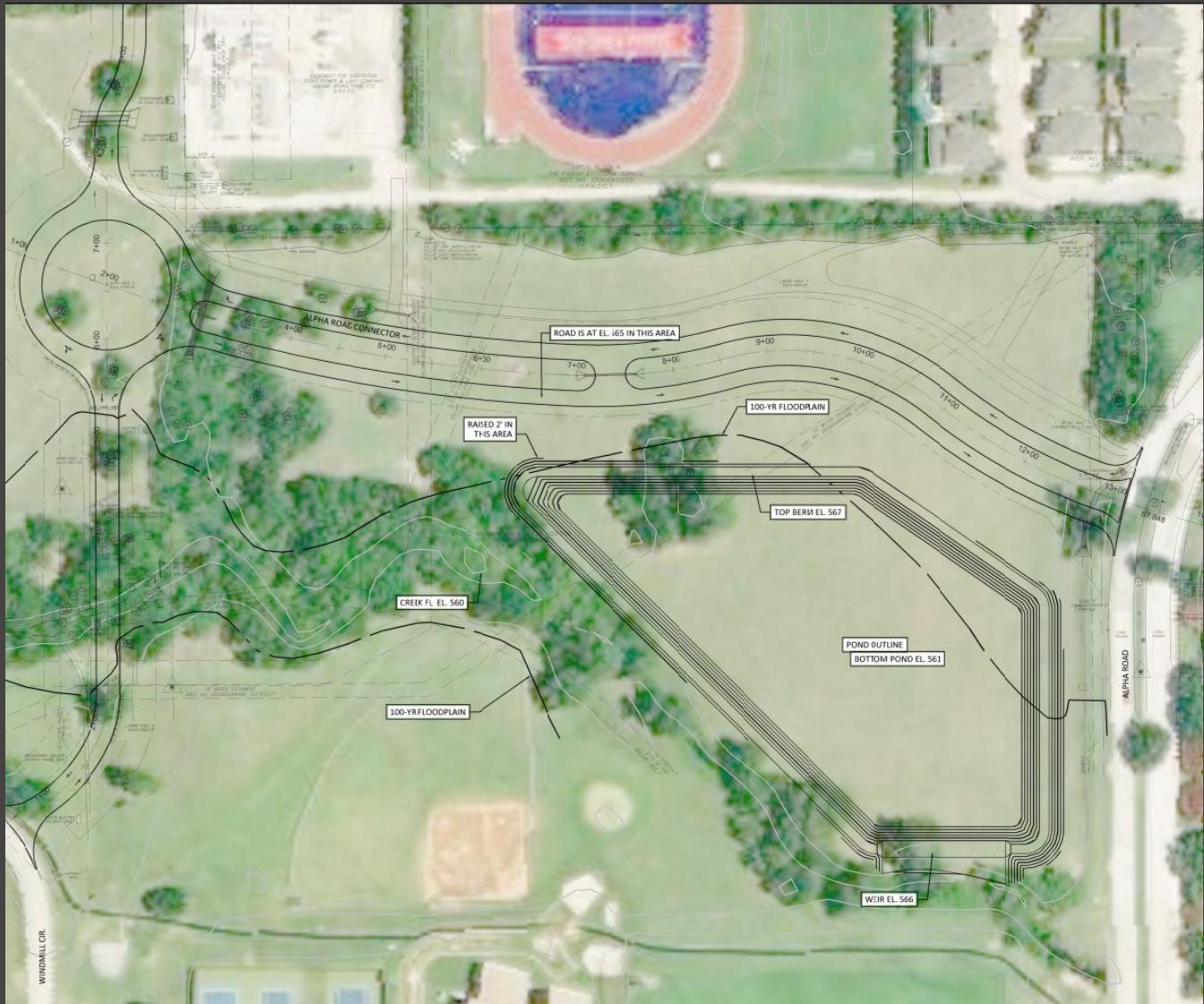
- Surface area ~ 3 acres
- Constraints
 - Alpha Rd
 - Alpha Rd Connector Alignment
 - Topography
- **Goal: Maximize storage within available site area**



SITE 1 – ALPHA RD

POTENTIAL POND GEOMETRY AND STRUCTURES

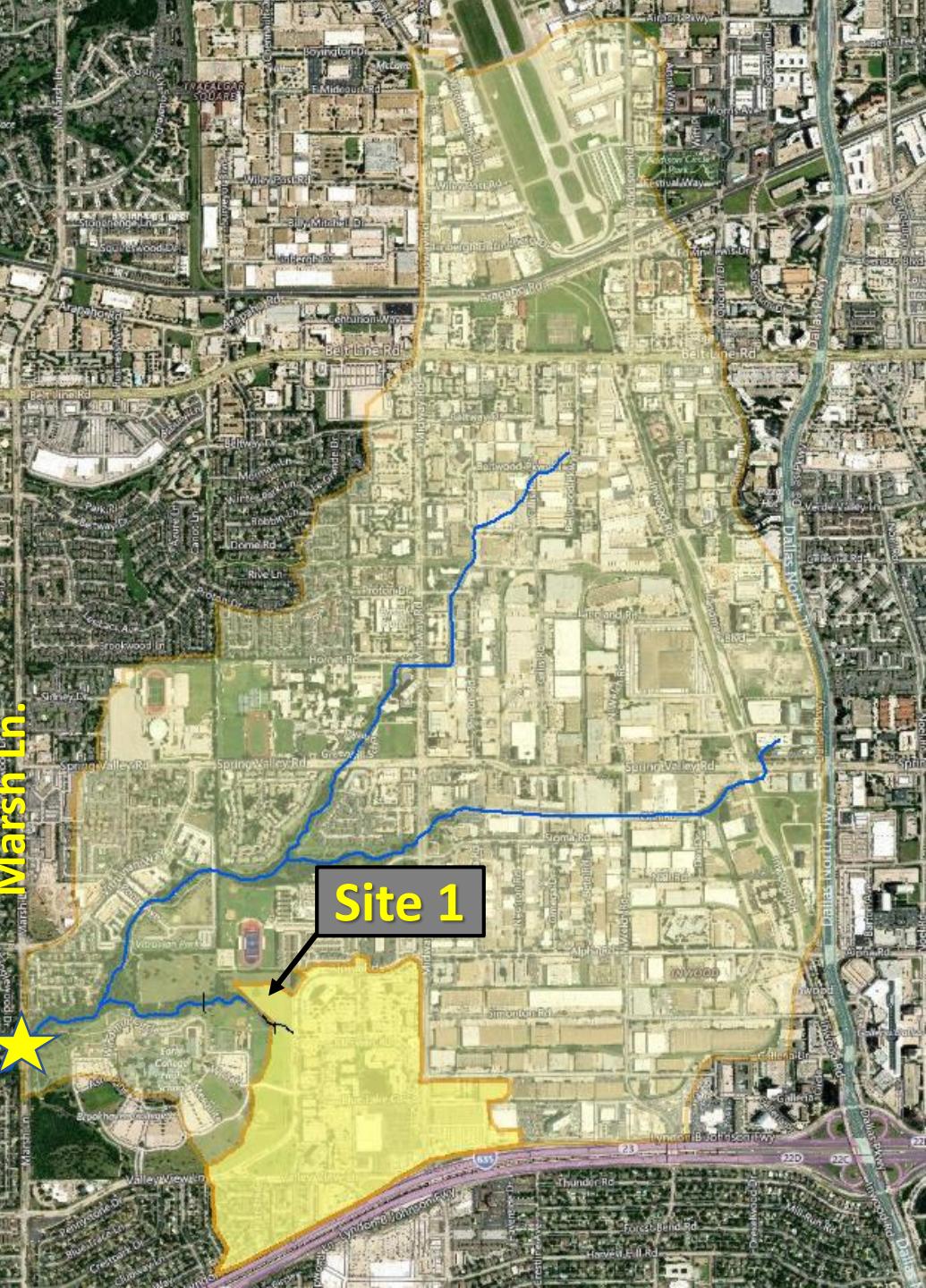
- Bottom elevation 561 ft (6 ft deep)
- Maximum storage capacity ~ **14 ac-ft**
- Pond intake structure: Lateral weir (~200 ft)
- Pond outlet structure: 12-in diameter pipe (~150 ft)



METHODOLOGY

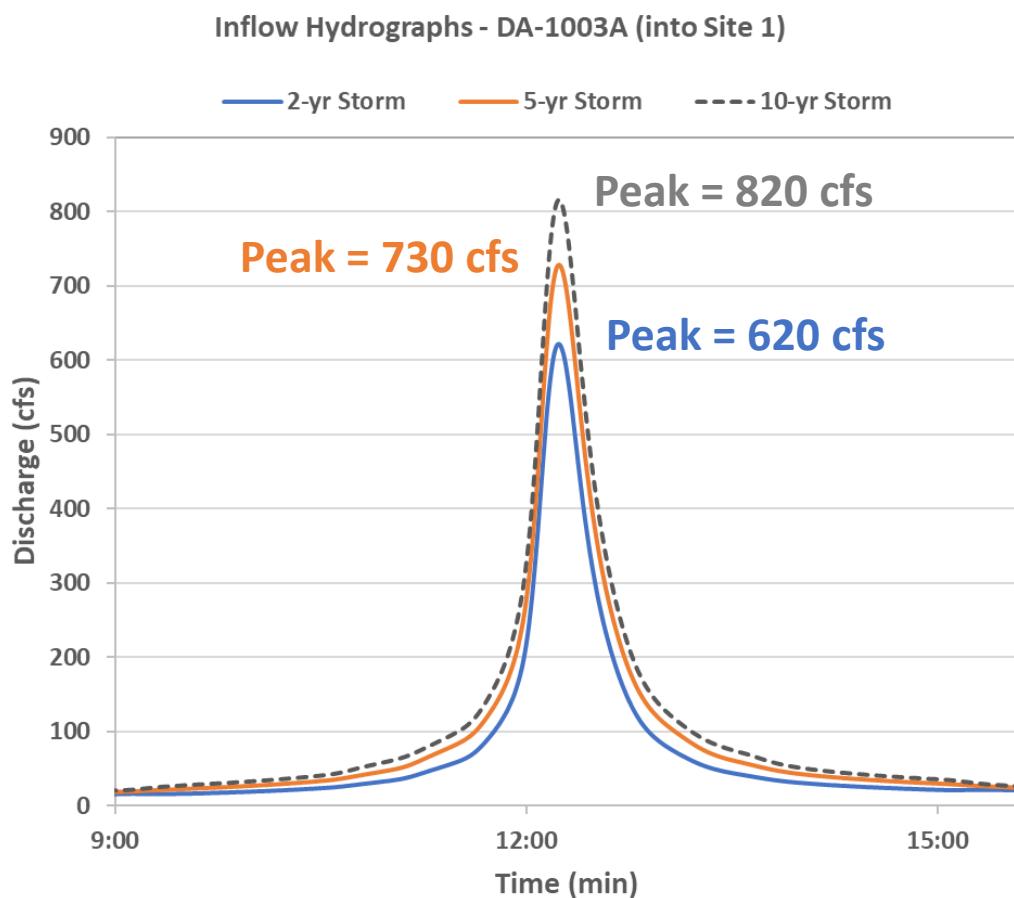
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

- Drainage area determined based on 2009 LiDAR topography, site plans for Bella Ln/Alpha Rd connector, and storm drain network data provided by the City.
- Design point – Marsh Ln (to compare peak runoff results)
- Drainage area to Marsh Lane – **2181 acres**
- Drainage area to detention site – **192 acres**
(**<9% of drainage area at design point**)



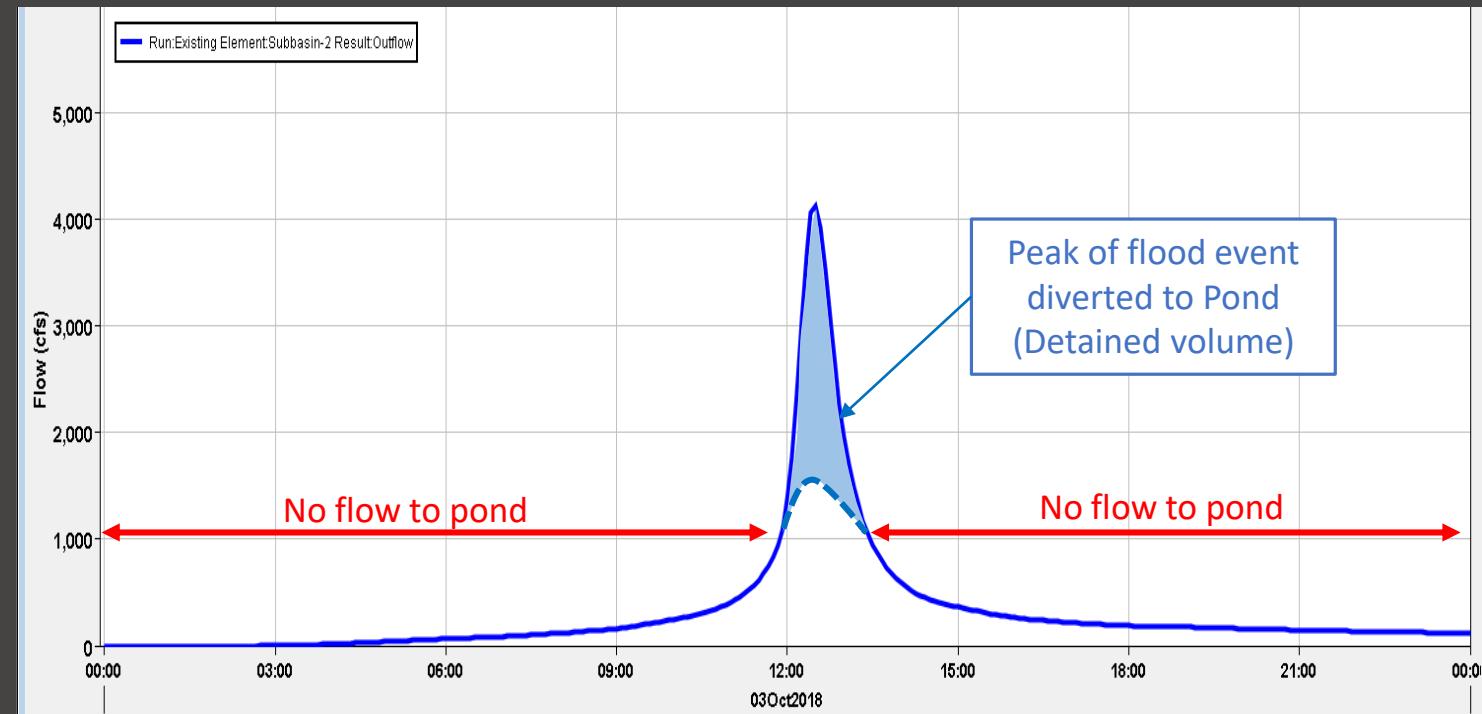
METHODOLOGY

HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS – RUNOFF TO SITE 1



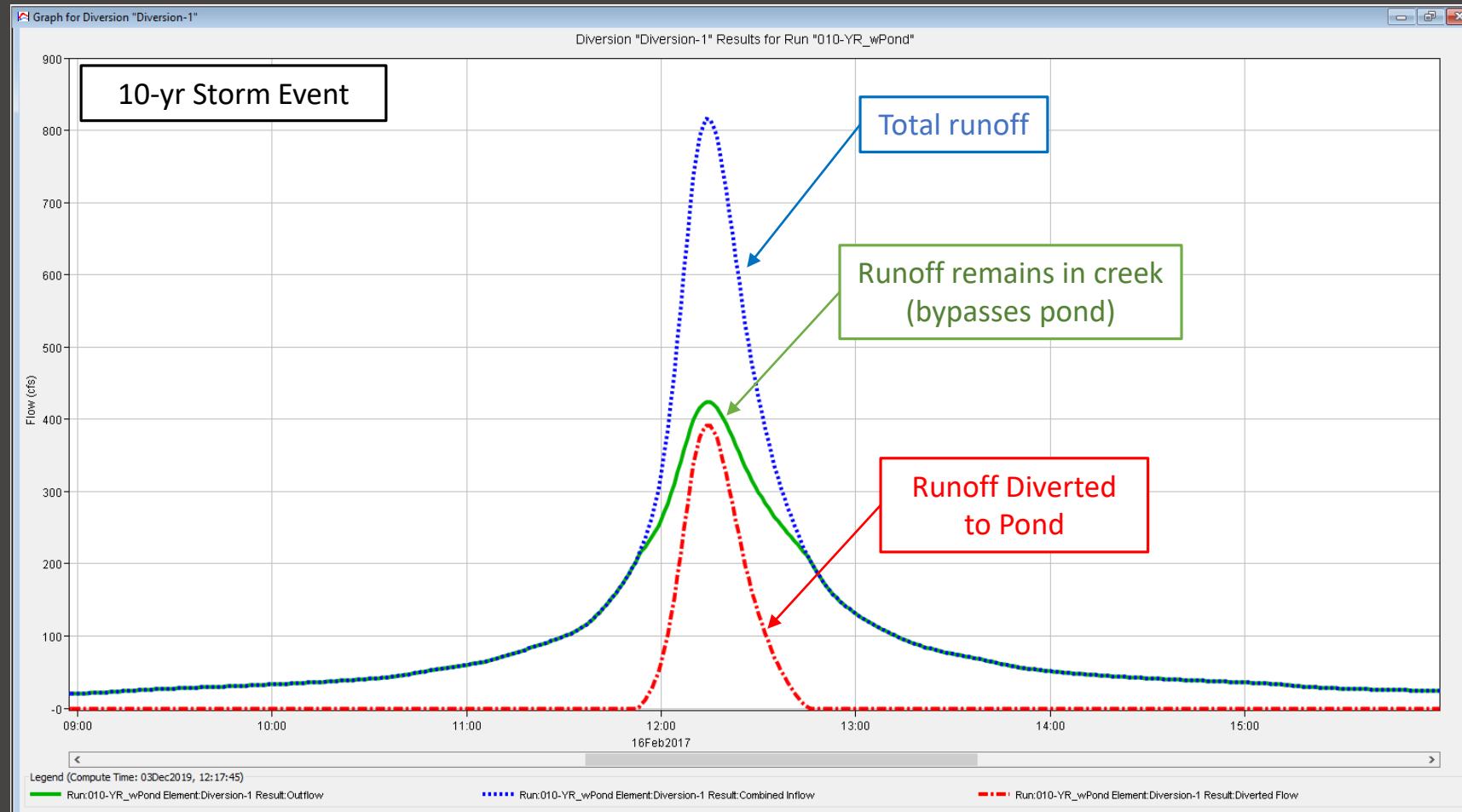
DETENTION CONCEPT

- Offline detention pond
- “Peak shaving” strategy - saves pond storage for peak of flood event
- Pond will provide flood risk reduction benefits for storms up to a given maximum magnitude
- Pond will not be effective for larger storm events



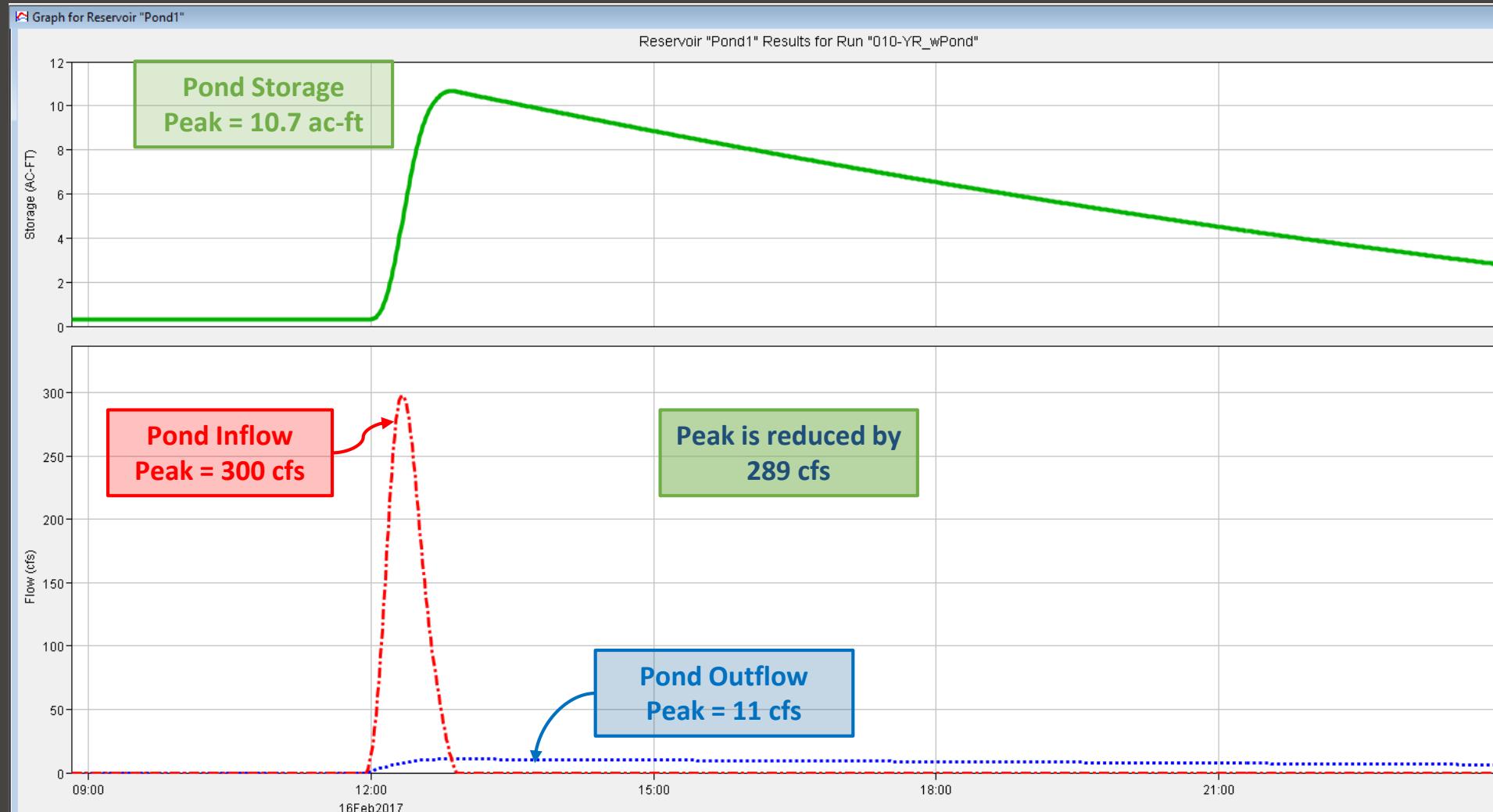
DETENTION ANALYSIS

DETENTION SIMULATION RESULTS – DIVERSION TO DETENTION POND



DETENTION ANALYSIS

DETENTION SIMULATION RESULTS – POND 1

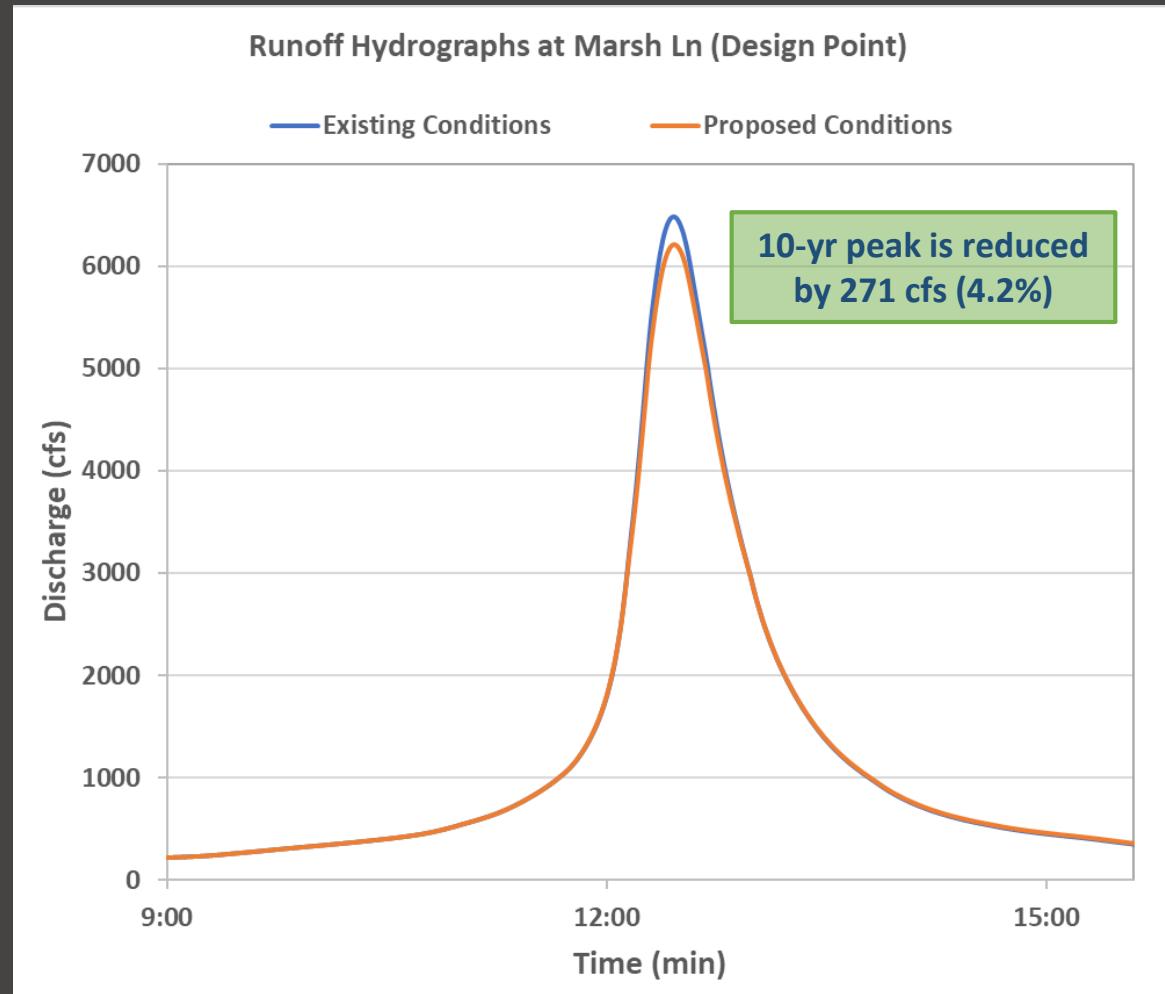


DETENTION ANALYSIS

DETENTION SIMULATION RESULTS – DESIGN POINT AT MARSH LN

Location	Recurrence Interval	Peak Discharge (cfs)			% Peak Discharge Reduction
		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions w/Pond	Peak Discharge Reduction	
Marsh Ln Junction	1-yr	3318	3247	71	2.1%
	2-yr	4874	4707	167	3.4%
	5-yr	5766	5542	224	3.9%
	10-yr	6486	6215	271	4.2%

*Note: Pond capacity is exceeded for the 25-yr storm and greater.
Design is intended to reduce flooding risks for the most frequent storm events.*



DETENTION ANALYSIS

DETENTION SIMULATION RESULTS – DESIGN POINT AT MARSH LN

- Pond 1 provides detention for **9%** of drainage area at Marsh Ln and reduces peak discharges at Marsh Ln by **4.2%** during the **10-yr storm**.
- Marsh Ln receives additional runoff from an undetained area of approximately 1,990 acres.
- Feasibility study will analyze the combined effect of multiple detention ponds in other portions of the watershed.



PRELIMINARY OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS

Item	Description	Total
	Site 1 Detention Pond	
1	Site Preparation and Restoration	\$15,000
2	Excavation (Haul and On-Site Work)	\$314,750
3	Concrete Outlet Structure	\$50,000
4	Topsoil and Sodding	\$64,960
5	Rock Rip Rap (24")	\$279,600
6	Concrete Flume	\$40,000
7	Water Line Abandonment and Installation	\$57,500
	SUBTOTAL	\$821,810
	Mobilization and Demobilization	\$82,181
	Contingency	\$246,543
	SUBTOTAL	\$328,724
TOTAL OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST:		\$1,151,000
Final Design		
1	Engineering / Survey / Geotech	\$172,650
2	Environmental Permitting	\$10,000
	SUBTOTAL	\$182,650
OPINION OF PROBABLE DESIGN COST:		\$183,000
OPINION OF PROBABLE PROJECT COST:		
		\$1,334,000



SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- Site 1 provides a small detention capacity (~14 ac-ft) relative to its drainage area (192 ac)
- Recommended detention strategy may help reduce flooding risks for storms up to the **10-yr event**.
- Pond preliminary cost estimate - **\$1.35 million**
- Analysis of combined detention effect with other potential sites is forthcoming.
- Pond design and grading should be refined and coordinated with Alpha Rd connector design.

